

Reducing the use of physical restraints in agitated patients with Dementia



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Mission Statement

To reduce the average hours per day agitated patients with Dementia are placed on physical restraints in an acute inpatient male geriatric psychiatry ward (Ward 60A) by 50% within 6 months

Team Members			
	Name	Designation	Department
Team Leader	Dr Damien Lai	Consultant	Dept of Geriatric Psychiatry
Team Member	Dr Chris Tan Ze Jia	Consultant	Dept of Geriatric Psychiatry
	Dr Mable Quek	Senior Resident	Dept of Geriatric Psychiatry
	Lu Chunjuan	Nurse Clinician	Nursing
	Roy Ter	Assistant Nurse Clinician	Nursing
	Johnson Teh Chong Sern	Senior Staff Nurse	Nursing
	Shi Kui	Senior Staff Nurse	Nursing
	Min Kyaw Htet Mario	Senior Staff Nurse	Nursing
	Yong Xiang Yi	Senior Clinical Psychologist	Psychology
	Vivian Teo	Senior Pharmacist	Pharmacy
	Gee Swee Yean	Senior Medical Social Worker	Medical Social Work
Sponsor	Dr Yao Fengyuan	Chief/ Senior Consultant	Dept of Geriatric Psychiatry

Evidence for a Problem Worth Solving

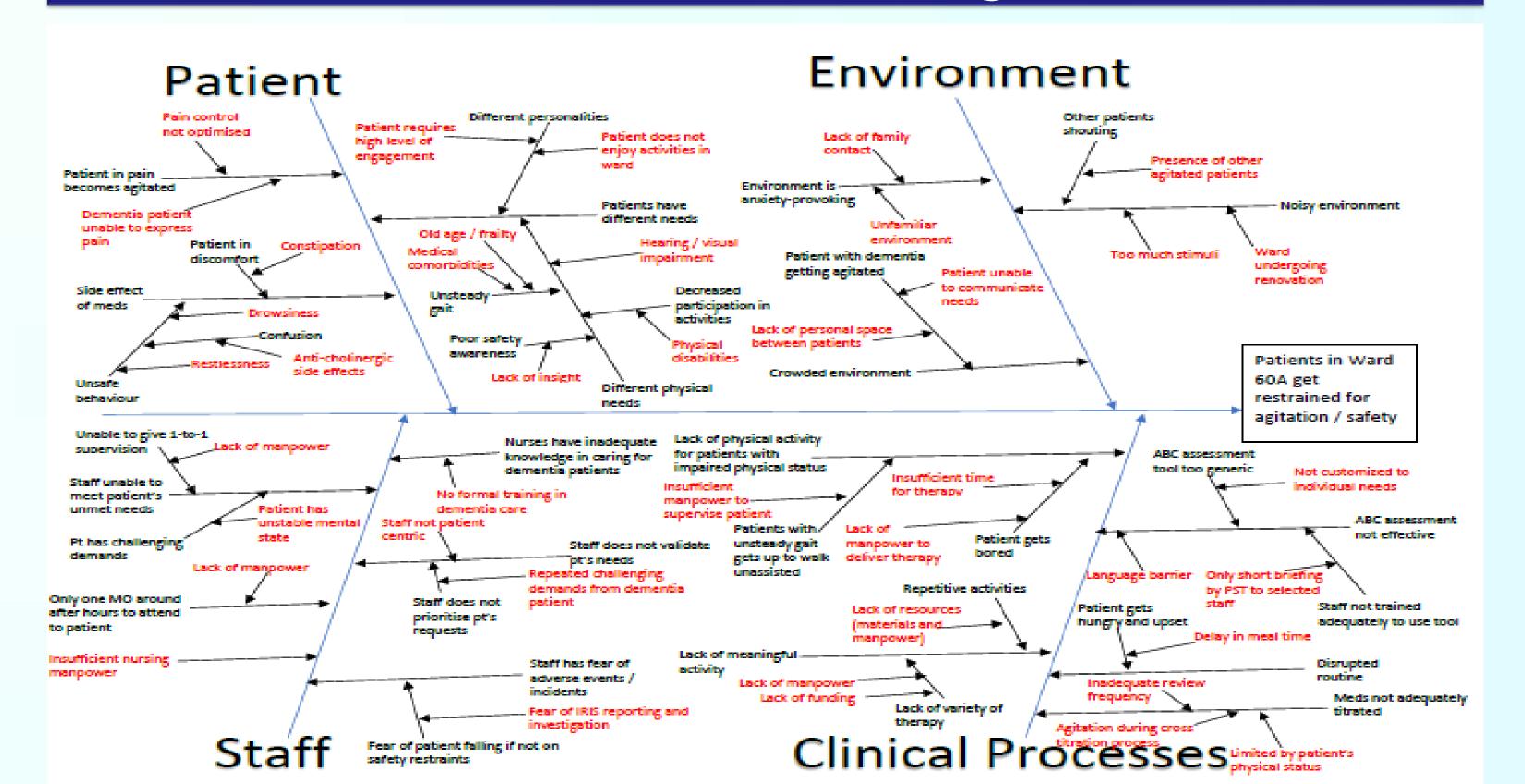
- There are numerous studies that demonstrate the ill effects of prolonged use of physical restraints in elderly patients. (Miller M. J Am Geriatr Soc 1975;23:360-9)
- There are also physical health risks associated with prolonged restraints such as risk of falls due to decreased muscle tone, developing pneumonia, deep vein thrombosis, pressure ulcers etc. Emotional trauma e.g. feeling of anger, despair, humiliation is also reported in these patients
- Baseline data collected from Ward 60A showed that the average number of hours agitated patients with Dementia were placed on physical restraints was 4.16 hours per day from January to May 2021
- Given the adverse effects of prolonged use of physical restraints especially in the elderly, the team aimed to reduce the average number of hours that agitated patients with Dementia were placed on physical restraints

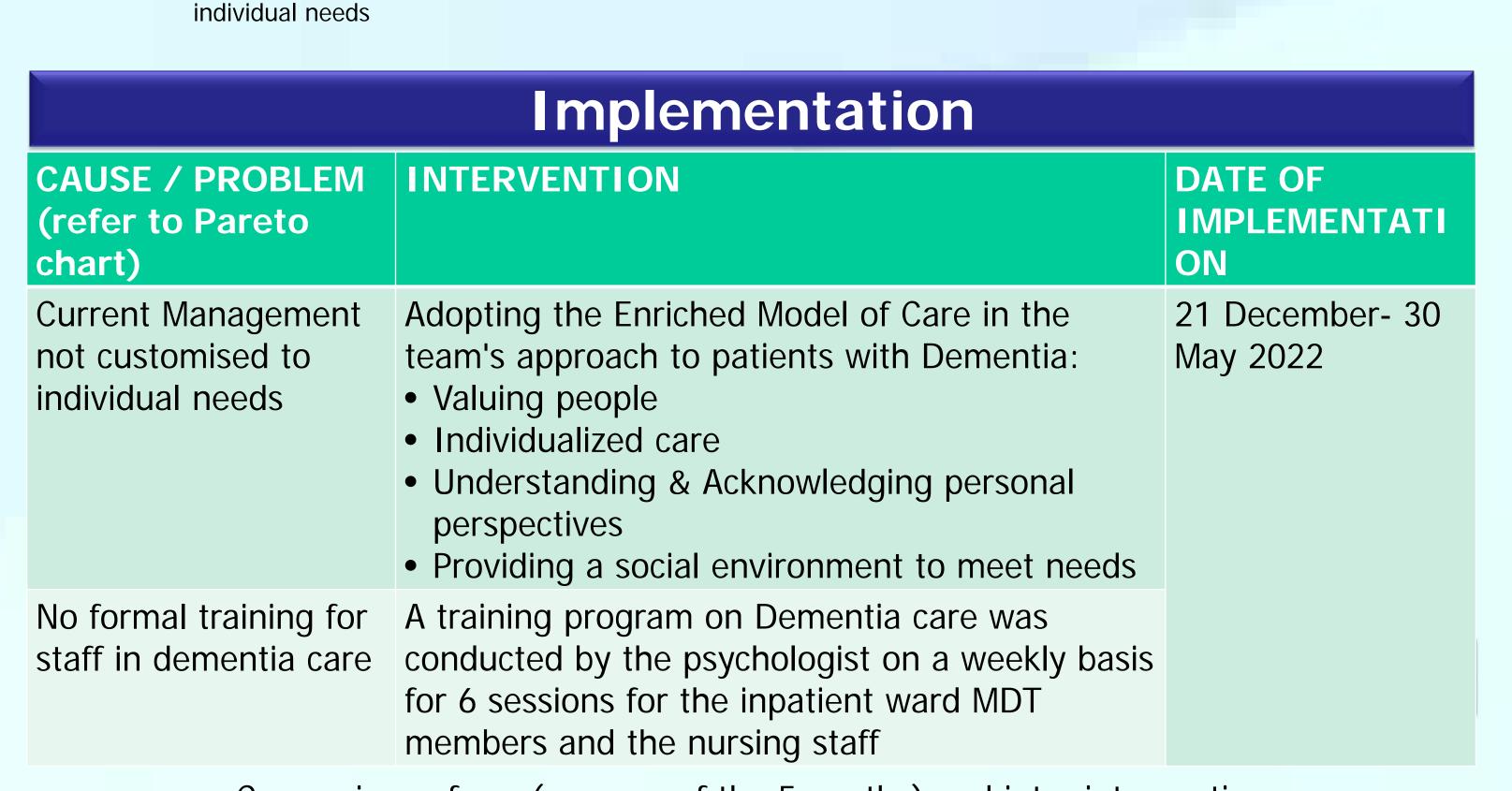
Current Performance of a Process Month (2021) Monthly average duration patient is placed on physical restraints per day 91.2 hours/ 31days = 2.94hours per day February 63.1 hours / 28 days = 2.3 hours per day March 114.9 hours / 31days = 3.706 hours per day April 121.4 hours/30days = 4.046 hours per day May Flow Chart of Process

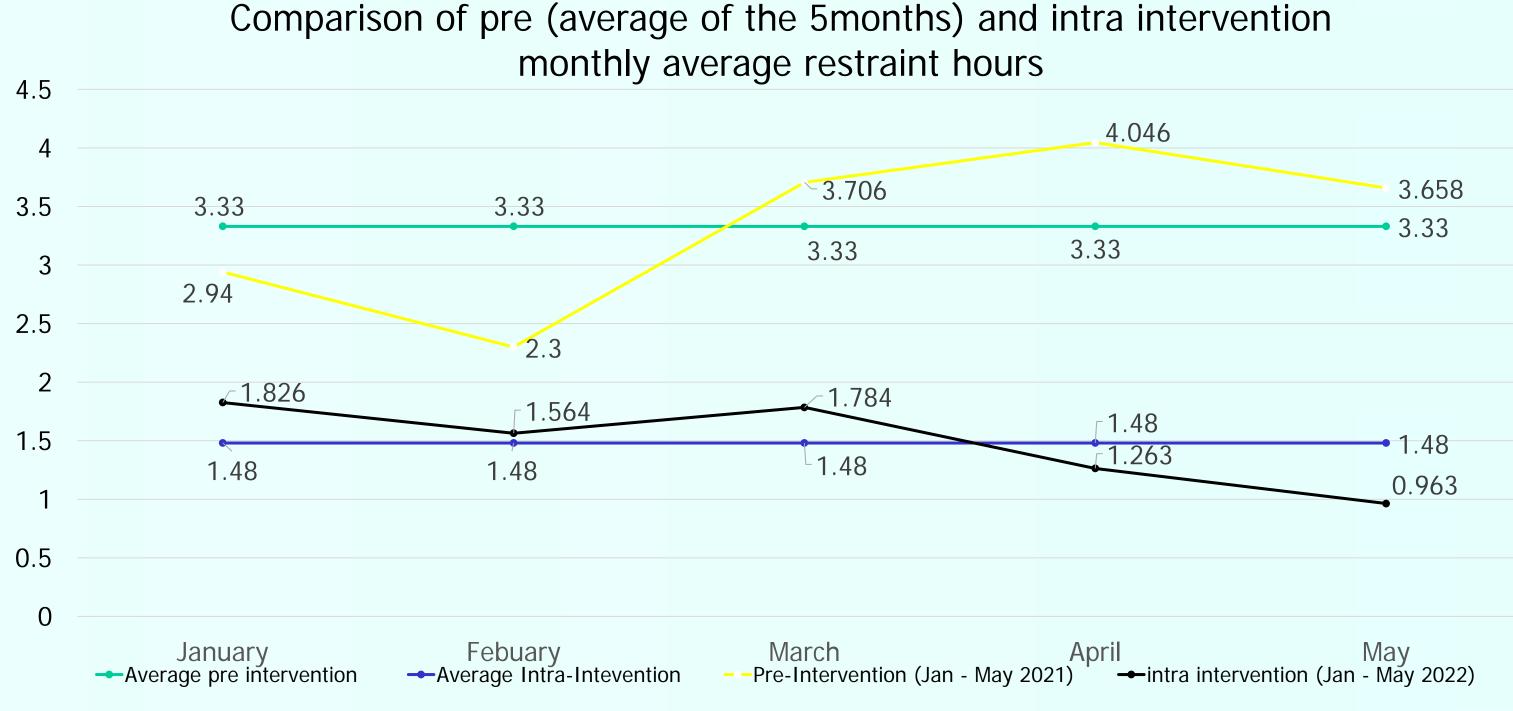
Patient agitated Nurses attend to patient and evaluate reason for agitation Reorientation and reassurance Attempt verbal de-escalation Offer PRN meds Apply restraints if above measures

Cause and Effect Diagram

unsuccessful, KIV IM RT







- There was a 55% reduction in the average number of hours agitated patients with Dementia were placed on physical restraints in Ward 60A compared to the baseline
- All nurses and members of the Ward 60A MDT completed the training in Ward 60A. Questionnaires administered demonstrated significantly greater confidence and were better preparedness in managing patients with Dementia.

Problems Encountered

- Had to work cohesively and creatively to overcome manpower constraints
- MDT and nursing team needed to work closely and complementarily to ensure the adoption of a new model of care was applied evenly and consistently
- Needed to gain buy-in from the MDT and nursing team to adopt a change in their approach to patients with Dementia
- Significant time invested for staff to be familiar with the new model of care
- Needed to train new staff due to staff turnover
- Appointed champions to have an oversight of progress and obtaining feedback on the ground
- Regular meetings were held to refine interventions and data collection process

Strategies to Sustain

- Creation of a workflow for implementing the new model of care for it to be adopted evenly and consistently in other inpatient ward settings
- Refresher training for MDT and nursing team to ensure model of care continues to be applied evenly and consistently
- Training of new staff in adopting the new model of care
- Continued data collection albeit at a reduced frequency (e.g., quarterly basis) seeking to maintain progress and strive for improvement
- Rolling out interventions to adjacent acute inpatient female geriatric psychiatry ward (Ward 60B)
- Sharing within the department and gradually across the hospital