

DAVINCI Project

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Department of General Surgery (Vascular Surgery) and Department of General Medicine (Renal)

Adding years of healthy life

Mission Statement

To reduce the frequency of ED visit requiring admission for haemodialysis patient who presented with late vascular access dysfunction by 50% from average of 9 per month to <5 per month over a 1 year period

Team Members

1	Dr Leong Chuo Ren	Senior Consultant	Division Of Vascular Surgery Dept of Gen Surgery	Lead
2	Dr Lim Eng Kuang	Senior Consultant	Division Of Renal Medicine, Dept Of Gen Medicine	Co-Lead
3	Dr Dexter Chan Yak Seng	Consultant	Division Of Vascular Surgery Dept of Gen Surgery	Member
4	Dr Chai Chung Cheen	Consultant	Division Of Renal Medicine, Dept Of Gen Medicine	Member
5	Ms Cathrine Kong May Ching	Renal Coordinator	Division Of Renal Medicine, Dept Of Gen Medicine	Member
6	Mr Toh Yew Chin	Assistant Manager	Clinical Operation	Member
7	Ms Judy Zhang Xia	Senior Nurse Manager	NKF North Zone Nursing Admin	Member/ Patient advocate
8	Ms Brenda Fong Xuan Yin	Patient Service Associate	Specialist Outpatient Clinic C51	Member
9	Ms Suriani Binte Hut	Patient Service Associate	Specialist Outpatient Clinic C31	Member

Evidence for a Problem Worth Solving

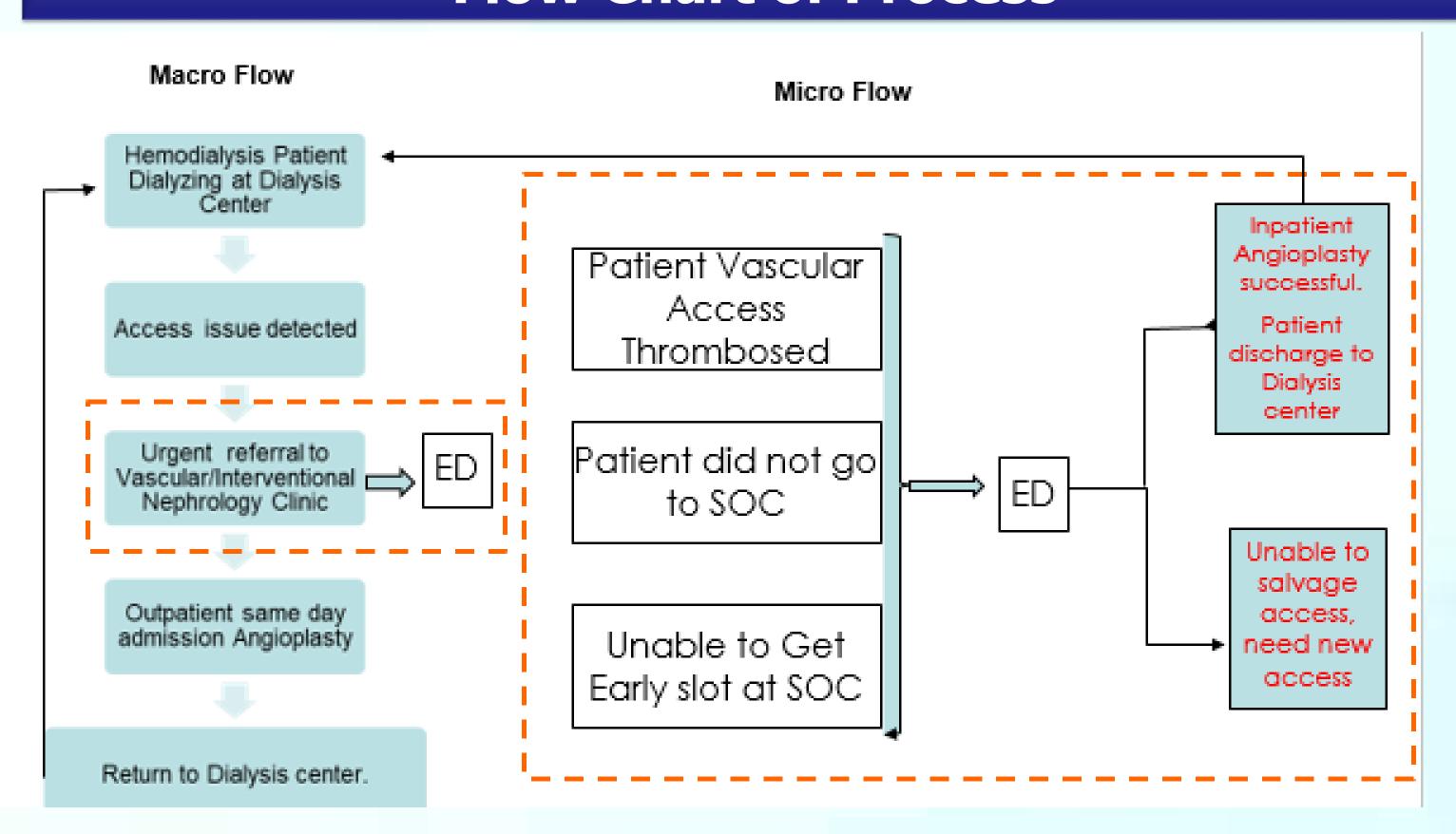
•As of now, 10-12 admission per month via ED for vascular access related problem.*

- •All will need emergency angioplasty and inpatient haemodialysis support.
- Some will need temporary dialysis catheter insertion before angioplasty •Some vascular access presented late and not salvageable.
- •Average inpatient stay of 6-8 (Avg: 6.5)** days. •Bed saving for hospital
- •Preventing emergency angiogram via increasing elective angiogram/angioplasty resulting in more efficient utilization of resources •Avoid wastage of dialysis resources in community dialysis center- slot not utilized as patient admitted to hospital
- •Cost saving for patient

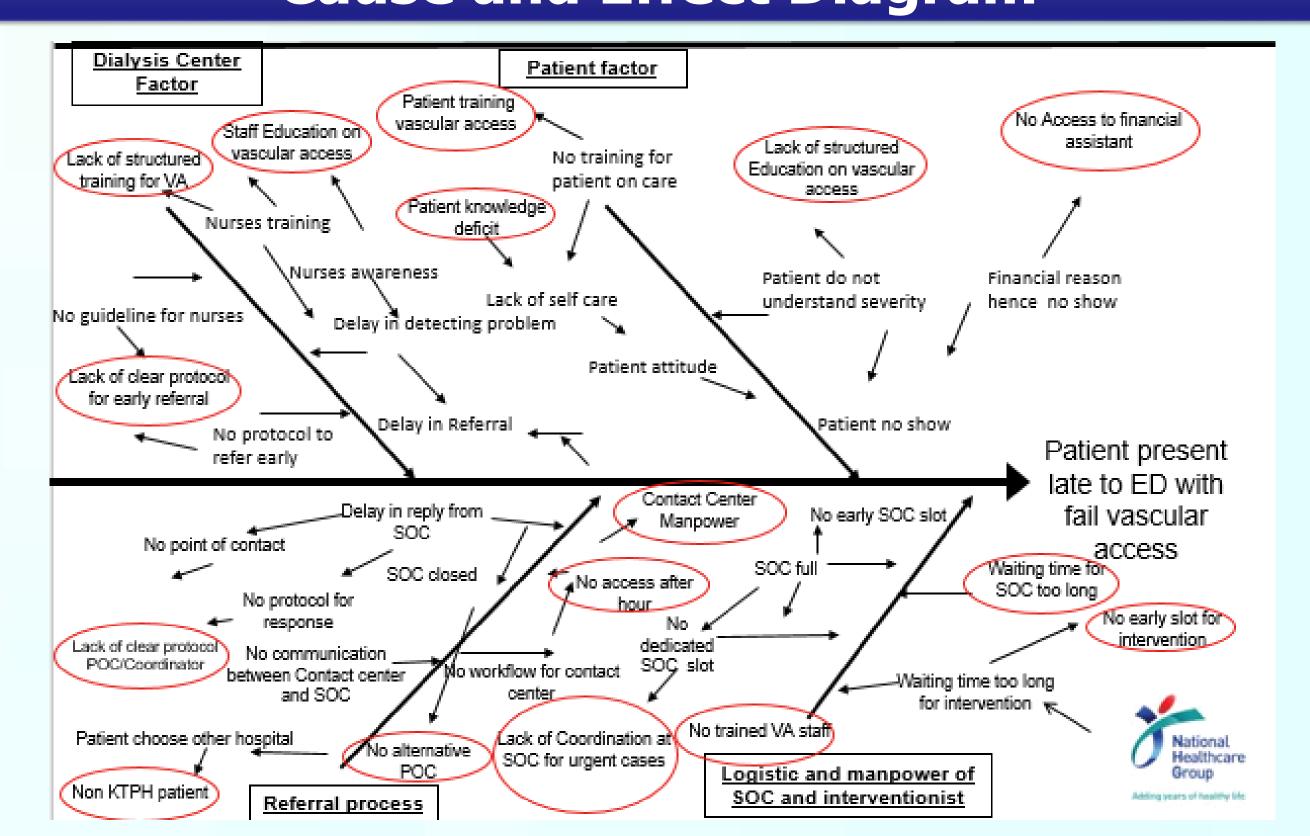
Current Performance of a Process

Please refer to "Results" section for baseline data

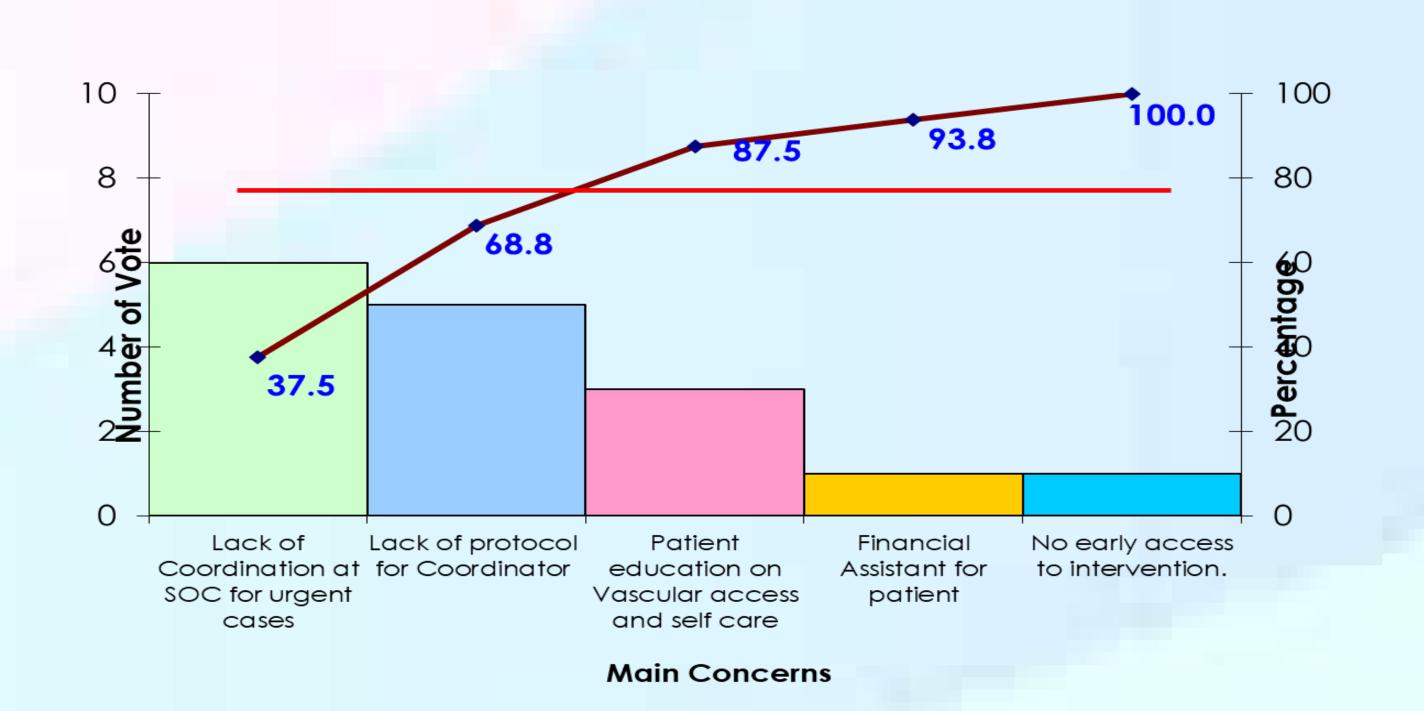
Flow Chart of Process



Cause and Effect Diagram



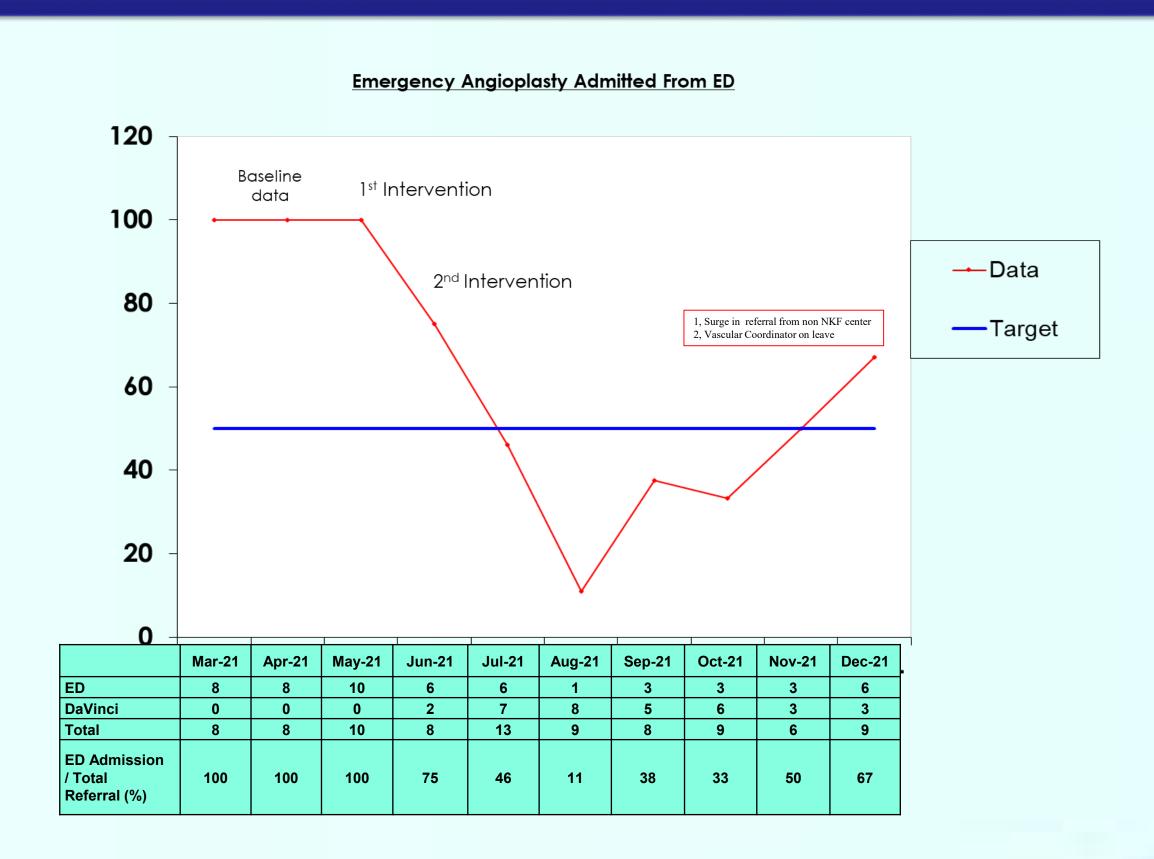
Pareto Chart



Implementation

	CAUSE / PROBLEM	INTERVENTION	DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION
	Lack of Coordination at SOC for urgent vascular access cases	Relook into available resources and organise clinic to receive referral daily. Key contact points identified	01/06/2021
	Lack of clear protocol for Coordinator to coordinate referral from Dialysis center	Da Vinci Team established criteria and workflow for referral to dialysis center. Use standardized referral form for clearer communication	01/07/2021
	Lack of patient education on Vascular access	Determined not to factor much in workflow so was omitted.	

Results



Cost Savings

- Total Number of referral under Da Vinci: 34 • Out of 34 cases, 10 require admission for
- dialysis despite timely intervention.
- Total Admission avoided under Da Vinci:
- No of Bed days saved : 24X 7.1 = 170.4
- No of Ed visit avoided Jun to Dec: 34

	Cost Savings (Mar-Dec '21)
Cost Savings arising from avoidance of Hospital admissions	\$ 203,640 (24 admissions avoided X *7.1 days = 170.4 bed days saved; 170.4 X **\$1195.07= \$203,640
Cost Saving arising from avoidance of ED attendances	\$4,352 (34 ED attendances avoided X #\$128)

Problems Encountered

System

• Referral from non NKF/other centre not under current project.

Resources

- Occasional problems with angioplasty suite availability
- Access to dialysis service after procedure

Manpower

- No coverage over weekends
- Sustainability when coordinator is on leave

Strategies to Sustain & Spread

Sustain:

- Ensure continuity of manpower FTE
- To discuss with CVC lab to expedite workflow for angioplasty for clinic patient.
- To have dedicated procedure room for Da Vinci pathway patients

Spread:

- To spread to all dialysis centre including non NKF dialysis center up north
- To allow even other NKF Region to refer if fall within KTPH catchment area